

# Tie Breakers

## Within Pools:

- 1) Record** – This is technically based on winning percentage which is computed using the following formula:  $(\text{Wins}) / (\text{Games Played}) = \text{winning percentage}$ . For example, if one team is 2-1 and another is 1-2, the team with two wins has a higher winning percentage (.677) than the team with one win (.333).
- 2) Head-to-Head** – This breaks ties based on the record against the teams tied with. For example, if 2 teams have played the same overall pool play record at 2-1, and they each played the same number of games against the same opponents, then the team that won the head-to-head matchup between the two teams is the higher seed. In the example below, team A would be the higher seed over team

Match Up	Winner	Team	Wins	Losses
A vs B	A	A		
C vs D	C	B		
A vs C	A	C		
B vs D	B	D		
A vs D	D			
B vs C	B			

- 3) Point Differential** – This differential tie breaker determines the total difference between a team's score versus their opponents. The largest differential wins the tie breaker.
- 4) Points Allowed** – The total of a team's opponents score. The smallest total wins the tie breaker.

BASKETBALL

TOURNEY