

Tie Breakers

Within Pools:

- 1) **Record** – This is technically based on winning percentage which is computed using the following formula: $(\text{Wins}) / (\text{Games Played}) = \text{winning percentage}$. For example, if one team is 2-1 and another is 1-2, the team with two wins has a higher winning percentage (.67) than the team with one win (.33).
- 2) **Head to Head** – This breaks ties based on the record against the teams tied with. For example, if 2 teams have the same overall pool play record at 2-1, and they each played the same number of games against the same opponents, then the team that won the head to head matchup between these two teams is the higher seed. In the example below, team A would be the higher seed over team B.

Match Up	Winner	Team	Wins	Losses
A vs B	A	A		
C vs D	C	B		
A vs C	A	C		
B vs D	B	D		
A vs D	D			
B vs C	B			

- 3) **Point Differential** – This differential tie breaker determines the total difference between a team's score versus their opponents. The largest differential wins the tie breaker.
- 4) **Points Allowed** – The total of a team's opponents score. The smallest total wins the tie breaker.